

**Training Header Sheet with Change Log Form**

**Kentucky Academic Standards**

Social Studies – Grade 11

2022 Spring Op

SS1121087\_08

Increased Global Cooperation After WWI

Practice Set

Date	Comments	Version
10/2022	Practice Set	Set A

Increased global cooperation was an effect of WWI. In source 1, President Wilson was trying to achieve peace from the chaos, but some weren't on board and wouldn't give their consent.

Then, Ireland was seeking its independence from Great Britain, but in the end the League of Nations made the US its guarantor and the US only planned to, "...hold Ireland in subjection through military force..." which didn't include any justice or civilization which was primarily America's mission statement.

The Japanese delegation were pushing for racial equality. Most agreed and were in favor of it, but it was challenged, and ultimately denied by Australia. They invented a, "White Australia Policy in 1901 limiting all non-White immigration..."

No one was getting along nor could agree. Peace was trying to be made, but there was always a factor that prevented it from happening.

World War I encouraged foreign cooperation as to not let such a war happen again, however that didn't work. Immediately after the armistice in 1918, foreign nationals met to draft the Treaty of Versailles yet could not agree. Countries trying to cooperate has never succeeded for a long period of time and especially not after World War I.

National isolation took root more prominently than global cooperation did. The Treaty of Versailles allowed countries to "self-determinate," meaning these nations could stand alone and not be governed or dominated by outside forces. Senator Frank Brandegee supported the idea of national isolation, saying "Why would I vote to place the destiny of my country under the control of a politically selected tribune...without knowledge or care for the traditions, or the hopes, or the aspirations, or the interests of my country?"

Increased global cooperation was not an effect of World War I. This can be seen in Source 4 when it is stated, "France got behind the proposal. Italy championed it. Greece voted in favor. But Australia pushed back . . ."

Increased global cooperation was not an effect of World War I. In the introduction it stated, The members of the league undertake to respect and preserve as against external aggression, however many people in the United states objected the article. In source one, it states people are not to be handed about form one sovereignty to another by international conference, this evidences supports the claim World War I did not have an effect on increased global cooperation.

Not everyone in the world can come to an agreement based off of beliefs or country cultural. In source 4 France, Italy, and Greece all voted in favor of the proposal for racial equality, yet Australia pushed it back.

the claim that there was increased global cooperation after the World War 1 is true. This is because the nations came together to defeat enemy. for example the treaty of versailles was an example of this. In source four it talks about the treaty of versailles



We didn't just get along with people or other countries and such after WW1. Ireland and us didn't get along too well according to source 3. It states, "the American Irish turned on Wilson and his effort to sell this treaty." In source 6, it claims, "[Why would I] vote to place the destiny of my country under the control of a politically selected tribunal of nine,". To me, this sounds like Senator Frank Brandegee did not also get along with the idea.

Although increased global cooperation was an effect of the war, the war was also fought due to national aspirations and rivals wanting more from others

Peoples are not to be handed about from one sovereignty to another by an international conference or an understanding between rivals and antagonists.

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Increased Global Cooperation After WWI

Practice Set 2

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World war 1 caused a decrease in globak cooperation. Ireland wanted to break free of the United Kingdom because they were being controlled by the government.

Did you know increased global cooperation was an effect of World War 1? I think it was.

Increased global cooperation was not an effect of World War I, World War I made it hard to have global cooperation. In Source 3, Japan wants equal and just treatment in every respect, making no distinction. Their demand was rejected. In Source 6, Senator Frank Brandegee also talked about how the people in the U.S. rejected the President of the United States about electing a Democratic Congress in both branches and how he wouldn't want another country to have control of his country. These sources show the difficulties in global cooperation. Each country has their own demands, which could be rejected even if the demand was just, and no country wanted their country to be controlled by another country who didn't even have their best interests in mind. Global cooperation was not increased but decreased due to the difficulties in cooperating globally especially after World War I.

World war 1 was not an effect that increased global cooperation. In source 5 it states, "They won't Dovetail." The picture in the article shows two people with puzzle pieces, and the pieces aren't the same meaning they don't think the treaty that was proposed of the world war will work.



Increased global cooperation was an effect of World War 1 because of the United States joining the League of Nations. In source 2 it states, " The proposed League of Nations... would make the United States of America a guarantor of that empire..." Once America joined the League, we had made more allies than ever before, and we now had protection from other afflicting countries.

the increased global cooperation was not an effect of world war 1 because many countries were still against each other at the time. also knowing that world war 2 happens after also tells you that many countries didn't like each other .

increased global cooperation was not an effect of world war 1.this is false due to Ireland's decleration of independance from britian and Austrialia's reaction to the proposal of racial equality.

World War I did not increase global cooperation. Instead, it seems to have lessened it. The United States entered a period of isolationism after the war. People had many different opinions about the government at this time. Source 5 states, "They won't Dovetail", meaning the proposed constitution for the League of Nations and the Constitution of the United States did not add up or go together.

Increased global cooperation was an effect of WW1. As we can see, relations following the peace treaty, the Treaty of Versailles, were strengthened. In the articles introduction, it states, "The members of the league undertake to respect and preserve as against external aggression..." This proved that the participating countries came together in alliances.

The claim, increased global cooperation was an effect of World War 1, is misleading in different ways. One way this could be seen was in President Woodrow Wilson, address to the U.S. Congress when he stated, "National aspirations must be respected: peoples may now be dominated and governed only by their own consent." Another way this claim can be opposed is from the news headlines about the U.S. Senate vote on the Treaty of Versailles "Senate Kills Treaty; Returns It to Wilson; Vote Is 49 to 35; 24 Democrats Oppose It."